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# Sophocles Antigone

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## TRANSLATOR'S NOTE

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The translator would like to acknowledge the valuable help provided by Andrew Brown's edition of Sophocles' *Antigone* (Aris & Philips, 1987), especially by his editorial notes.

Note that in this translation the numbers in square brackets refer to the Greek text, and the numbers with no brackets refer to this text. The superscript numbers in the text are links to explanatory notes at the end. These endnotes and the stage directions have been added by the translator.

This text was last revised in May 2005 and last reformatted in April 2014

## BACKGROUND NOTE TO THE STORY

When Oedipus, King of Thebes, discovered through his own investigations that he had killed his father and married his mother, Jocasta, he put out his own eyes, and Jocasta killed herself. Once Oedipus ceased being king of Thebes, his two sons, Polyneices and Eteocles, agreed to alternate as king. When Eteocles refused to give up power to Polyneices, the latter collected a foreign army of Argives and attacked the city. In the ensuing battle, the Thebans triumphed over the invading forces, and the two brothers killed each other, with Eteocles defending the city and Polyneices attacking it. The action of the play begins immediately after the battle. Note that Creon is a brother of Jocasta and thus an uncle of Antigone, Ismene, Eteocles, and Polyneices.

### DRAMATIS PERSONAE

ANTIGONE: daughter of Oedipus  
ISMENE: daughter of Oedipus, sister of Antigone  
CREON: king of Thebes  
EURYDICE: wife of Creon  
HAEMON: son of Creon and Euridice, engaged to Antigone.  
TEIRESIAS: an old blind prophet  
BOY: a young lad guiding Teiresias  
GUARD: a soldier serving Creon  
MESSENGER  
CHORUS: Theban Elders  
ATTENDANTS.

*[In Thebes, directly in front of the royal palace, which stands in the background, its main doors facing the audience.*

*Enter Antigone leading Ismene away from the palace]*

ANTIGONE

Now, dear Ismene, my own blood sister,  
do you have any sense of all the troubles  
Zeus keeps bringing on the two of us,  
as long as we're alive? All that misery  
which stems from Oedipus? There's no suffering,  
no shame, no ruin—not one dishonour—  
which I have not seen in all the troubles  
you and I go through. What's this they're saying now,  
something our general has had proclaimed  
throughout the city? Do you know of it?  
Have you heard? Or have you just missed the news?

Dishonours which better fit our enemies  
are now being piled up on the ones we  
love. [10]

ISMENE

I've had no word at all, Antigone,  
nothing good or bad about our family,  
not since we two lost both our brothers,  
killed on the same day by a double blow.  
And since the Argive army, just last night,  
has gone away, I don't know any more  
if I've been lucky or face total ruin.

20

ANTIGONE

I know that. That's why I brought you here,  
outside the gates, so only you can hear.

ISMENE

What is it? The way you look makes it  
seem [20]  
you're thinking of some dark and gloomy news.

ANTIGONE

Look—what's Creon doing with our two brothers?  
He's honouring one with a full funeral  
and treating the other one disgracefully!  
Eteocles, they say, has had his burial  
according to our customary rites,  
to win him honour with the dead below.  
But as for Polyneices, who perished  
so miserably, an order has gone out  
throughout the city—that's what people say.  
He's to have no funeral or lament,  
but to be left unburied and unwept,  
a sweet treasure for the birds to look at,  
for them to feed on to their heart's  
content. [30]

30

That's what people say the noble Creon  
has announced to you and me—I mean to me—  
and now he's coming to proclaim the fact,  
to state it clearly to those who have not heard.  
For Creon this matter's really serious.  
Anyone who acts against the order  
will be stoned to death before the city.

40

Now you know, and you'll quickly demonstrate  
whether you are nobly born, or else  
a girl unworthy of her splendid ancestors.

ISMENE

O my poor sister, if that's what's happening,  
what can I say that would be any help  
to ease the situation or resolve it?

50 [40]

ANTIGONE

Think whether you will work with me in this  
and act together.

ISMENE

In what kind of work?  
What do you mean?

ANTIGONE

Will you help these hands  
take up Polyneices' corpse and bury it?

ISMENE

What? You're going to bury Polyneices,  
when that's been made a crime for all in Thebes?

ANTIGONE

Yes. I'll do my duty to my brother—  
and yours as well, if you're not prepared to.  
I won't be caught betraying him.

ISMENE

You're too rash.  
Has Creon not expressly banned that act?

60

ANTIGONE

Yes. But he's no right to keep me from what's mine.

ISMENE

O dear. Think, Antigone. Consider  
how our father died, hated and  
disgraced, [50]  
when those mistakes which his own search revealed  
forced him to turn his hand against himself  
and stab out both his eyes. Then that woman,  
his mother and his wife—her double role—

destroyed her own life in a twisted noose.  
Then there's our own two brothers, both butchered  
in a single day—that ill-fated pair 70  
with their own hands slaughtered one another  
and brought about their common doom.  
Now, the two of us are left here quite alone.  
Think how we'll die far worse than all the rest,  
if we defy the law and move  
against [60]  
the king's decree, against his royal power.  
We must remember that by birth we're women,  
and, as such, we shouldn't fight with men.  
Since those who rule are much more powerful,  
we must obey in this and in events 80  
which bring us even harsher agonies.  
So I'll ask those underground for pardon—  
since I'm being compelled, I will obey  
those in control. That's what I'm forced to do.  
It makes no sense to try to do too much.

#### ANTIGONE

I wouldn't urge you to. No. Not even  
if you were keen to act. Doing this with you  
would bring me no joy. So be what you  
want. [70]  
I'll still bury him. It would be fine to die  
while doing that. I'll lie there with him, 90  
with a man I love, pure and innocent,  
for all my crime. My honours for the dead  
must last much longer than for those up here.  
I'll lie down there forever. As for you,  
well, if you wish, you can show contempt  
for those laws the gods all hold in honour.

#### ISMENE

I'm not disrespecting them. But I can't act  
against the state. That's not in my nature.

#### ANTIGONE

Let that be your excuse. I'm going  
now [80]  
to make a burial mound for my dear brother. 100

ISMENE

Oh poor Antigone, I'm so afraid for you.

ANTIGONE

Don't fear for me. Set your own fate in order.

ISMENE

Make sure you don't reveal to anyone  
what you intend. Keep it closely hidden.  
I'll do the same.

ANTIGONE

No, no. Announce the fact—  
if you don't let everybody know,  
I'll despise your silence even more.

ISMENE

Your heart is hot to do cold deeds.

ANTIGONE

But I know  
I'll please the ones I'm duty bound to please.

ISMENE

Yes, if you can. But you're after something  
which you're incapable of carrying out.

110 [90]

ANTIGONE

Well, when my strength is gone, then I'll give up.

ISMENE

A vain attempt should not be made at all.

ANTIGONE

I'll hate you if you're going to talk that way.  
And you'll rightly earn the loathing of the dead.  
So leave me and my foolishness alone—  
we'll get through this fearful thing. I won't suffer  
anything as bad as a disgraceful death.

ISMENE

All right then, go, if that's what you think right.  
But remember this—even though your mission  
makes no sense, your friends do truly love you.

120

*[Exit Antigone away from the palace. Ismene watches her go and then turns slowly into the palace.  
Enter the Chorus of Theban elders]*

CHORUS

O ray of  
sunlight, [100]  
most beautiful that ever shone  
on Thebes, city of the seven gates,  
you've appeared at last,  
you glowing eye of golden day,  
moving above the streams of Dirce,  
driving into headlong flight  
the white-shield warrior from Argos,  
who marched here fully armed, 130  
now forced back by your sharper power.<sup>1</sup>

CHORUS LEADER

Against our land he  
marched, [110]  
sent here by the warring claims  
of Polyneices, with piercing screams,  
an eagle flying above our land,  
covered wings as white as snow,  
and hordes of warriors in arms,  
helmets topped with horsehair crests.

CHORUS

Standing above our homes,  
he ranged around our seven gates, 140  
with threats to swallow us  
and spears thirsting to kill.  
Before his jaws had had their  
fill [120]  
and gorged themselves on Theban blood,  
before Hephaistos' pine-torch flames  
had seized our towers, our fortress crown,  
he went back, driven in retreat.<sup>2</sup>  
Behind him rings the din of war—  
his enemy, the Theban dragon-snake,  
too difficult for him to overcome. 150

CHORUS LEADER

Zeus hates an arrogant boasting tongue.

Seeing them march here in a mighty stream,  
in all their clanging golden  
pride, [130]  
he hurled his fire and struck the man,  
up there, on our battlements, as he began  
to scream aloud his victory.

#### CHORUS

The man swung down, torch still in hand,  
and smashed into unyielding earth—  
the one who not so long ago attacked,  
who launched his furious, enraged assault, 160  
to blast us, breathing raging storms.  
But things turned out not as he'd hoped.  
Great war god Ares assisted us—  
he smashed them down and doomed them  
all [140]  
to a very different fate.

#### CHORUS LEADER

Seven captains at seven gates  
matched against seven equal warriors  
paid Zeus their full bronze tribute,  
the god who turns the battle tide,  
all but that pair of wretched men, 170  
born of one father and one mother, too—  
who set their conquering spears against each other  
and then both shared a common death.

#### CHORUS

Now victory with her glorious name  
has come, bringing joy to well-armed Thebes.  
The battle's done—let's strive now to  
forget [150]  
with songs and dancing all night long,  
with Bacchus leading us to make Thebes shake.

*[The palace doors are thrown open and guards appear at the doors]*

#### CHORUS LEADER

But here comes Creon, new king of our land,  
son of Menoikeos. Thanks to the gods, 180  
who've brought about our new good fortune.  
What plan of action does he have in mind?



What's made him hold this special  
meeting, [160]  
with elders summoned by a general call?

*[Enter Creon from the palace. He addresses the assembled elders]*

CREON

Men, after much tossing of our ship of state,  
the gods have safely set things right again.  
Of all the citizens I've summoned you,  
because I know how well you showed respect  
for the eternal power of the throne,  
first with Laius and again with Oedipus, 190  
once he restored our city.<sup>3</sup> When he died,  
you stood by his children, firm in loyalty.  
Now his sons have perished in a single day,  
killing each other with their own two hands,  
a double slaughter, stained with brother's  
blood. [170]

And so I have the throne, all royal power,  
for I'm the one most closely linked by blood  
to those who have been killed. It's impossible  
to really know a man, to know his soul,  
his mind and will, before one witnesses 200  
his skill in governing and making laws.  
For me, a man who rules the entire state  
and does not take the best advice there is,  
but through fear keeps his mouth forever  
shut, [180]

such a man is the very worst of men—  
and always will be. And a man who thinks  
more highly of a friend than of his country,  
well, he means nothing to me. Let Zeus know,  
the god who always watches everything,  
I would not stay silent if I saw disaster 210  
moving here against the citizens,  
a threat to their security. For anyone  
who acts against the state, its enemy,  
I'd never make my friend. For I know well  
our country is a ship which keeps us safe,  
and only when it sails its proper  
course [190]  
do we make friends. These are the principles

I'll use in order to protect our state.  
That's why I've announced to all citizens  
my orders for the sons of Oedipus— 220  
Eteocles, who perished in the fight  
to save our city, the best and bravest  
of our spearmen, will have his burial,  
with all those purifying rituals  
which accompany the noblest corpses,  
as they move below. As for his brother—  
that Polyneices, who returned from exile,  
eager to wipe out in all-consuming  
fire [200]  
his ancestral city and its native gods,  
keen to seize upon his family's blood 230  
and lead men into slavery—for him,  
the proclamation in the state declares  
he'll have no burial mound, no funeral rites,  
and no lament. He'll be left unburied,  
his body there for birds and dogs to eat,  
a clear reminder of his shameful fate.  
That's my decision. For I'll never act  
to respect an evil man with honours  
in preference to a man who's acted well.  
Anyone who's well disposed towards our state, 240  
alive or dead, that man I will  
respect. [210]

CHORUS LEADER

Son of Menoikeos, if that's your will  
for this city's friends and enemies,  
it seems to me you now control all laws  
concerning those who've died and us as well—  
the ones who are still living.

CREON

See to it then,  
and act as guardians of what's been proclaimed.

CHORUS

Give that task to younger men to deal with.

CREON

There are men assigned to oversee the corpse.

CHORUS LEADER

Then what remains that you would have us do?

250

CREON

Don't yield to those who contravene my orders.

CHORUS LEADER

No one is such a fool that he loves  
death. [220]

CREON

Yes, that will be his full reward, indeed.  
And yet men have often been destroyed  
because they hoped to profit in some way.

*[Enter a guard, coming towards the palace]*

GUARD

My lord, I can't say I've come out of breath  
by running here, making my feet move fast.  
Many times I stopped to think things over—  
and then I'd turn around, retrace my steps.  
My mind was saying many things to me,  
"You fool, why go to where you know for sure  
your punishment awaits?"—"And now, poor man,  
why are you hesitating yet again?  
If Creon finds this out from someone  
else, [230]  
how will you escape being hurt?" Such matters  
kept my mind preoccupied. And so I went,  
slowly and reluctantly, and thus made  
a short road turn into a lengthy one.  
But then the view that I should come to you  
won out. If what I have to say is nothing,  
I'll say it nonetheless. For I've come here  
clinging to the hope that I'll not suffer  
anything that's not part of my destiny.

260

270

CREON

What's happening that's made you so upset?

GUARD

I want to tell you first about myself.  
I did not do it. And I didn't see



Then we each stated we were quite prepared  
to pick up red-hot iron, walk through flames,  
or swear by all the gods that we'd not done it,  
we'd no idea how the act was planned,  
or how it had been carried out. At last,  
when all our searching had proved useless, 310  
one man spoke up, and his words forced us all  
to drop our faces to the ground in  
fear. [270]

We couldn't see things working out for us,  
whether we agreed or disagreed with him.  
He said we must report this act to you—  
we must not hide it. And his view prevailed.  
I was the unlucky man who won the prize,  
the luck of the draw. That's why I'm now here,  
not of my own free will or by your choice.  
I know that—for no one likes a messenger 320  
who comes bearing unwelcome news with him.

#### CHORUS LEADER

My lord, I've been wondering for some time now—  
could this act not be something from the gods?

#### CREON

Stop now—before what you're about to  
say [280]  
enrages me completely and reveals  
that you're not only old but stupid, too.  
No one can tolerate what you've just said,  
when you claim gods might care about this corpse.  
Would they pay extraordinary honours  
and bury as a man who'd served them well 330  
someone who came to burn their offerings,  
their pillared temples, to torch their lands  
and scatter all its laws? Or do you see  
gods paying respect to evil men? No, no.  
For quite a while some people in the town  
have secretly been muttering against  
me. [290]  
They don't agree with what I have decreed.  
They shake their heads and have not kept their necks  
under my yoke, as they are duty bound to do  
if they were men who are content with me. 340

I well know that these guards were led astray—  
such men urged them to carry out this act  
for money. To foster evil actions,  
to make them commonplace among all men,  
nothing is as powerful as money.  
It destroys cities, driving men from home.  
Money trains and twists the minds in worthy men,  
so they then undertake disgraceful acts.  
Money teaches men to live as  
scoundrels, [300]  
familiar with every profane enterprise. 350  
But those who carry out such acts for cash  
sooner or later see how for their crimes  
they pay the penalty. For if great Zeus  
still has my respect, then understand this—  
I swear to you on oath—unless you find  
the one whose hands really buried him,  
unless you bring him here before my eyes,  
then death for you will never be enough.  
No, not before you're hung up still alive  
and you confess to this gross, violent act. 360  
That way you'll understand in future  
days, [310]  
when there's a profit to be gained from theft,  
you'll learn that it's not good to be in love  
with every kind of monetary gain.  
You'll know more men are ruined than are saved  
when they earn profits from dishonest schemes.

GUARD

Do I have your permission to speak now,  
or do I just turn around and go away?

CREON

But I find your voice so irritating—  
don't you realize that?

GUARD

Where does it hurt? 370  
Is it in your ears or in your mind?

CREON

Why try to question where I feel my pain?

GUARD

The man who did it—he upsets your mind.  
I offend your ears.

CREON

My, my, it's clear to see  
it's natural for you to chatter  
on. [320]

GUARD

Perhaps. But I never did this.

CREON

This and more—  
you sold your life for silver.

GUARD

How strange and sad  
when the one who sorts this out gets it all wrong.

CREON

Well, enjoy your sophisticated views.  
But if you don't reveal to me who did this, 380  
you'll just confirm how much your treasonous gains  
have made you suffer.

*[Exit Creon back into the palace. The doors close behind him]*

GUARD

Well, I hope he's found.  
That would be best. But whether caught or not—  
and that's something sheer chance will bring about—  
you won't see me coming here again.  
This time, against all hope and  
expectation, [330]  
I'm still unhurt. I owe the gods great thanks.

*[Exit the Guard away from the palace]*

CHORUS

There are many strange and wonderful things,  
but nothing more strangely wonderful than man.  
He moves across the white-capped ocean seas 390  
blasted by winter storms, carving his way  
under the surging waves engulfing him.

With his teams of horses he wears down  
the unwearied and immortal earth,  
the oldest of the gods, harassing her,  
as year by year his ploughs move back and  
forth. [340]

He snares the light-winged flocks of birds,  
herds of wild beasts, creatures from deep seas,  
trapped in the fine mesh of his hunting nets.  
O resourceful man, whose skill can overcome  
ferocious beasts roaming mountain  
heights. [350] 400

He curbs the rough-haired horses with his bit  
and tames the inexhaustible mountain bulls,  
setting their savage necks beneath his yoke.

He's taught himself speech and wind-swift thought,  
trained his feelings for communal civic life,  
learning to escape the icy shafts of frost,  
volleys of pelting rain in winter storms,  
the harsh life lived under the open sky.  
That's man—so resourceful in all he does. 410 [360]  
There's no event his skill cannot confront—  
other than death—that alone he cannot shun,  
although for many baffling sicknesses  
he has discovered his own remedies.

The qualities of his inventive skills  
bring arts beyond his dreams and lead him on,  
sometimes to evil and sometimes to good.  
If he treats his country's laws with due respect  
and honours justice by swearing on the gods,  
he wins high honours in his city. 420  
But when he grows bold and turns to  
evil, [370]  
then he has no city. A man like that—  
let him not share my home or know my mind.

*[Enter the Guard, bringing Antigone with him. She is not resisting]*

CHORUS LEADER

What this? I fear some omen from the gods.  
I can't deny what I see here so clearly—  
that young girl there—it's Antigone.



O you poor girl, daughter of Oedipus,  
child of a such a father, so unfortunate,  
what's going on? Surely they've not brought you here  
because you've disobeyed the royal laws, 430  
because they've caught you acting  
foolishly? [380]

GUARD

This here's the one who carried out the act.  
We caught her as she was burying the corpse.  
Where's Creon?

*[The palace doors open. Enter Creon with attendants]*

CHORUS LEADER

He's coming from the house—  
and just in time.

CREON

Why have I come "just in time"?  
What's happening? What is it?

GUARD

My lord,  
human beings should never take an oath  
there's something they'll not do—for later thoughts  
contradict what they first meant. I'd have  
sworn [390]  
I'd not soon venture here again. Back then, 440  
the threats you made brought me a lot of grief.  
But there's no joy as great as what we pray for  
against all hope. And so I have come back,  
breaking that oath I swore. I bring this girl,  
captured while she was honouring the grave.  
This time we did not draw lots. No. This time  
I was the lucky man, not someone else.  
And now, my lord, take her for questioning.  
Convict her. Do as you wish. As for me,  
by rights I'm free and clear of all this  
trouble. 450 [400]

CREON

This girl here—how did you catch her? And where?

GUARD

She was burying that man. Now you know  
all there is to know.

CREON

Do you understand  
just what you're saying? Are your words the truth?

GUARD

We saw this girl giving that dead man's corpse  
full burial rites—an act you'd made illegal.  
Is what I say simple and clear enough?

CREON

How did you see her, catch her in the act?

GUARD

It happened this way. When we got there,  
after hearing those awful threats from you, 460  
we swept off all the dust covering the corpse,  
so the damp body was completely  
bare. [410]

Then we sat down on rising ground up wind,  
to escape the body's putrid rotting stench.  
We traded insults just to stay awake,  
in case someone was careless on the job.  
That's how we spent the time right up 'til noon,  
when the sun's bright circle in the sky  
had moved half way and it was burning hot.

Then suddenly a swirling windstorm came, 470  
whipping clouds of dust up from the ground,  
filling the plain—some heaven-sent trouble.  
In that level place the dirt storm damaged  
all the forest growth, and the air  
around [420]

was filled with dust for miles. We shut our mouths  
and just endured this scourge sent from the gods.

A long time passed. The storm came to an end.  
That's when we saw the girl. She was shrieking—  
a distressing painful cry, just like a bird  
who's seen an empty nest, its fledglings gone. 480

That's how she was when she saw the naked corpse.  
She screamed out a lament, and then she swore,  
calling evil curses down upon the ones

who'd done this. Then right away her hands  
threw on the thirsty dust. She lifted up  
a finely made bronze jug and then three  
times

[430]

poured out her tributes to the dead.

When we saw that, we rushed up right away  
and grabbed her. She was not afraid at all.

We charged her with her previous offence  
as well as this one. She just kept standing there,  
denying nothing. That made me happy—  
though it was painful, too. For it's a joy  
escaping troubles which affect oneself,  
but painful to bring evil on one's friends.

490

But all that is of less concern to me  
than my own  
safety.

[440]

CREON

You there—you with your face  
bent down towards the ground, what do you say?  
Do you deny you did this or admit it?

ANTIGONE

I admit I did it. I won't deny that.

500

CREON *[to the Guard]*

You're dismissed—go where you want. You're free—  
no serious charges made against you.

*[Exit the Guard. Creon turns to interrogate Antigone]*

Tell me briefly—not in some lengthy speech—  
were you aware there was a proclamation  
forbidding what you did?

ANTIGONE

I'd heard of it.  
How could I not? It was public knowledge.

CREON

And yet you dared to break those very laws?

ANTIGONE

Yes. Zeus did not announce those laws to

me. [450]  
And Justice living with the gods below  
sent no such laws for men. I did not think 510  
anything which you proclaimed strong enough  
to let a mortal override the gods  
and their unwritten and unchanging laws.  
They're not just for today or yesterday,  
but exist forever, and no one knows  
where they first appeared. So I did not mean  
to let a fear of any human will  
lead to my punishment among the gods.  
I know all too well I'm going to  
die— [460]  
how could I not?—it makes no difference 520  
what you decree. And if I have to die  
before my time, well, I count that a gain.  
When someone has to live the way I do,  
surrounded by so many evil things,  
how can she fail to find a benefit  
in death? And so for me meeting this fate  
won't bring any pain. But if I'd allowed  
my own mother's dead son to just lie there,  
an unburied corpse, then I'd feel distress.  
What's going on here does not hurt me at all. 530  
If you think what I'm doing now is stupid,  
perhaps I'm being charged with  
foolishness [470]  
by someone who's a fool.

CHORUS LEADER

It's clear enough  
the spirit in this girl is passionate—  
her father was the same. She has no sense  
of compromise in times of trouble.

CREON [*to the Chorus Leader*]

But you should know the most obdurate wills  
are those most prone to break. The strongest iron  
tempered in the fire to make it really hard—  
that's the kind you see most often shatter. 540  
I'm well aware the most tempestuous horses  
are tamed by one small bit. Pride has no place  
in anyone who is his neighbour's slave.

This girl here was already very  
insolent [480]  
in contravening laws we had proclaimed.  
Here she again displays her proud contempt—  
having done the act, she now boasts of it.  
She laughs at what she's done. Well, in this case,  
if she gets her way and goes unpunished,  
then she's the man here, not me. No. She may be 550  
my sister's child, closer to me by blood  
than anyone belonging to my house  
who worships Zeus Herkeios in my home,  
but she'll not escape my harshest punishment—  
her sister, too, whom I accuse as well.<sup>4</sup>  
She had an equal part in all their  
plans [490]  
to do this burial. Go summon her here.  
I saw her just now inside the palace,  
her mind out of control, some kind of fit.

*[Exit attendants into the palace to fetch Ismene]*

When people hatch their mischief in the dark 560  
their minds often convict them in advance,  
betraying their treachery. How I despise  
a person caught committing evil acts  
who then desires to glorify the crime.

ANTIGONE

Take me and kill me—what more do you want?

CREON

Me? Nothing. With that I have everything.

ANTIGONE

Then why delay? There's nothing in your words  
that I enjoy—may that always be the  
case! [500]  
And what I say displeases you as much.  
But where could I gain greater glory 570  
than setting my own brother in his grave?  
All those here would confirm this pleases them  
if their lips weren't sealed by fear—being king,  
which offers all sorts of various benefits,  
means you can talk and act just as you wish.

CREON

In all of Thebes, you're the only one  
who looks at things that way.

ANTIGONE

They share my views,  
but they keep their mouths shut just for you.

CREON

These views of yours—so different from the rest—  
don't they bring you any sense of shame?

580 [510]

ANTIGONE

No—there's nothing shameful in honouring  
my mother's children.

CREON

You had a brother  
killed fighting for the other side.

ANTIGONE

Yes—from the same mother and father, too.

CREON

Why then give tributes which insult his name?

ANTIGONE

But his dead corpse won't back up what you say.

CREON

Yes, he will, if you give equal honours  
to a wicked man.

ANTIGONE

But the one who died  
was not some slave—it was his own brother.

CREON

Who was destroying this country—the other one  
went to his death defending it.

590

ANTIGONE

That may be,  
but Hades still desires equal rites for both.<sup>5</sup>

CREON

A good man does not wish what we give  
him [520]  
to be the same an evil man receives.

ANTIGONE

Who knows? In the world below perhaps  
such actions are no crime.

CREON

An enemy  
can never be a friend, not even in death.

ANTIGONE

But my nature is to love. I cannot hate.

CREON

Then go down to the dead. If you must love,  
love them. No woman's going to govern me— 600  
no, no—not while I'm still alive.

*[Enter two attendants from the house bringing Ismene to Creon]*

CHORUS LEADER

Ismene's coming. There—right by the door.  
She's crying. How she must love her sister!  
From her forehead a cloud casts its shadow  
down across her darkly flushing face—  
and drops its rain onto her lovely  
cheeks. [530]

CREON

You there—you snake lurking in my house,  
sucking out my life's blood so secretly.  
I'd no idea I was nurturing two pests,  
who aimed to rise against my throne. Come here. 610  
Tell me this—do you admit you played your part  
in this burial, or will you swear an oath  
you had no knowledge of it?

ISMENE

I did it—  
I admit it, and she'll back me up.  
So I bear the guilt as well.

ANTIGONE

No, no—  
justice will not allow you to say that.  
You didn't want to. I didn't work with you.

ISMENE

But now you're in trouble, I'm not  
ashamed [540]  
of suffering, too, as your companion.

ANTIGONE

Hades and the dead can say who did it—  
I don't love a friend whose love is only words.

620

ISMENE

You're my sister. Don't dishonour me.  
Let me respect the dead and die with you.

ANTIGONE

Don't try to share my death or make a claim  
to actions which you did not do. I'll die—  
and that will be enough.

ISMENE

But if you're gone,  
what is there in life for me to love?

ANTIGONE

Ask Creon. He's the one you care about.

ISMENE

Why hurt me like this? It doesn't help  
you. [550]

ANTIGONE

If I am mocking you, it pains me, too.

630

ISMENE

Even now is there some way I can help?

ANTIGONE

Save yourself. I won't envy your escape.

ISMENE

I feel so wretched leaving you to die.



ANTIGONE

But you chose life—it was my choice to die.

ISMENE

But not before I'd said those words just now.

ANTIGONE

Some people may approve of how you think—  
others will believe my judgment's good.

ISMENE

But the mistake's the same for both of us.

ANTIGONE

Be brave. You're alive. But my spirit died  
some time ago so I might help the dead

640 [560]

CREON

I'd say one of these girls has just revealed  
how mad she is—the other's been that way  
since she was born.

ISMENE

My lord, whatever good sense  
people have by birth no longer stays with them  
once their lives go wrong—it abandons them.

CREON

In your case, that's true, once you made your choice  
to act in evil ways with wicked people.

ISMENE

How could I live alone, without her here?

CREON

Don't speak of her being here. Her life is over.

ISMENE

You're going to kill your own son's bride?

650

CREON

Why not? There are other fields for him to plough.

ISMENE

No one will make him a more loving wife  
than she will.

CREON

I have no desire my son  
should have an evil wife.

ANTIGONE

Dearest Haemon,  
how your father wrongs you.

CREON

I've had enough of this—  
you and your marriage.

ISMENE

You really want that?  
You're going to take her from him?

CREON

No, not me.  
Hades is the one who'll stop the marriage.

CHORUS LEADER

So she must die—that seems decided on.

CREON

Yes—for you and me the matter's closed.

660

*[Creon turns to address his attendants]*

No more delay. You slaves, take them inside.  
From this point on they must act like women  
and have no liberty to wander off.  
Even bold men run when they see  
Hades [580]  
coming close to them to snatch their lives.

*[The attendants take Antigone and Ismene into the palace,  
leaving Creon and the Chorus on stage]*

CHORUS

Those who live without tasting evil  
have happy lives—for when the gods

shake a house to its foundations,  
then inevitable disasters strike,  
falling upon whole families, 670  
just as a surging ocean swell  
running before cruel Thracian winds  
across the dark trench of the sea  
churns up the deep black  
sand [590]  
and crashes headlong on the cliffs,  
which scream in pain against the wind.

I see this house's age-old sorrows,  
the house of Labdakos' children,  
sorrows falling on the sorrows of the dead,  
one generation bringing no relief 680  
to generations after it—some god  
strikes at them—on and on without an end.  
For now the light which has been shining  
over the last roots of Oedipus'  
house [600]  
is being cut down with a bloody knife  
belonging to the gods below—  
for foolish talk and frenzy in the soul.<sup>6</sup>

O Zeus, what human trespasses  
can check your power? Even Sleep,  
who casts his nets on everything, 690  
cannot master that—nor can the months,  
the tireless months the gods control.  
A sovereign who cannot grow old,  
you hold Olympus as your own,  
in all its glittering  
magnificence.<sup>7</sup> [610]  
From now on into all future time,  
as in the past, your law holds firm.  
It never enters lives of human beings  
in its full force without disaster.

Hope ranging far and wide brings comfort 700  
to many men—but then hope can deceive,  
delusions born of volatile desire.  
It comes upon the man who's ignorant  
until his foot is seared in burning fire.  
Someone's wisdom has revealed to

us [620]  
this famous saying—sometimes the gods  
lure a man's mind forward to disaster,  
and he thinks evil's something good.  
But then he lives only the briefest time  
free of catastrophe.

*[The palace doors open]*

CHORUS LEADER

Here comes Haemon, 710  
your only living son. Is he grieving  
the fate of Antigone, his bride,  
bitter that his marriage hopes are  
gone? [630]

CREON

We'll soon find out—more accurately  
than any prophet here could indicate.

*[Enter Haemon from the palace]*

My son, have you heard the sentence that's been passed  
upon your bride? And have you now come here  
angry at your father? Or are you loyal to me,  
on my side no matter what I do?

HAEMON

Father, I'm yours. For me your judgments 720  
and the ways you act on them are good—  
I shall follow them. I'll not consider  
any marriage a greater benefit  
than your fine leadership.

CREON

Indeed, my son,  
that's how your heart should always be resolved,  
to stand behind your father's  
judgment [640]  
on every issue. That's what men pray for—  
obedient children growing up at home  
who will pay back their father's enemies,  
evil to them for evil done to him, 730  
while honouring his friends as much as he does.

A man who fathers useless children—  
what can one say of him except he's bred  
troubles for himself, and much to laugh at  
for those who fight against him? So, my son,  
don't ever throw good sense aside for pleasure,  
for some woman's sake. You understand  
how such embraces can turn freezing  
cold [650]  
when an evil woman shares your life at home.  
What greater wound is there than a false friend?  
So spit this girl out—she's your enemy.  
Let her marry someone else in Hades.  
Since I caught her clearly disobeying,  
the only culprit in the entire city,  
I won't perjure myself before the state.  
No—I'll kill her. And so let her appeal  
to Zeus, the god of blood relationships.  
If I foster any lack of full respect  
in my own family, I surely do the same  
with those who are not linked to me by blood.  
The man who acts well with his household  
will be found a just man in the city.<sup>8</sup>  
I'd trust such a man to govern wisely  
or to be content with someone ruling him.  
And in the thick of battle at his  
post [670]  
he'll stand firm beside his fellow soldier,  
a loyal, brave man. But anyone who's proud  
and violates our laws or thinks he'll tell  
our leaders what to do, a man like that  
wins no praise from me. No. We must obey  
whatever man the city puts in charge,  
no matter what the issue—great or small,  
just or unjust. For there's no greater evil  
than a lack of leadership. That destroys  
whole cities, turns households into ruins,  
and in war makes soldiers break and run away.  
When men succeed, what keeps their lives secure  
in almost every case is their obedience.  
That's why they must support those in control,  
and never let some woman beat us down.  
If we must fall from power, let that come  
at some man's hand—at least, we won't be called

740

750 [660]

760

770

inferior to any  
woman.

[680]

CHORUS LEADER

Unless we're being deceived by our old age,  
what you've just said seems reasonable to us.

HAEMON

Father, the gods instill good sense in men—  
the greatest of all the things which we possess.  
I could not find your words somehow not right—  
I hope that's something I never learn to do.  
But other words might be good, as well.  
Because of who you are, you can't perceive  
all the things men say or do—or their complaints.  
Your gaze makes citizens afraid—they  
can't

[690]

say anything you would not like to hear.  
But in the darkness I can hear them talk—  
the city is upset about the girl.  
They say of all women here she's least deserves  
the worst of deaths for her most glorious act.  
When in the slaughter her own brother died,  
she did not just leave him there unburied,  
to be ripped apart by carrion dogs or birds.  
Surely she deserves some golden honour?  
That's the dark secret rumour people  
speak.

780

790

[700]

For me, father, nothing is more valuable  
than your well being. For any children,  
what could be a greater honour to them  
than their father's thriving reputation?  
A father feels the same about his sons.  
So don't let your mind dwell on just one thought,  
that what you say is right and nothing else.  
A man who thinks that only he is wise,  
that he can speak and think like no one else,  
when such men are exposed, then all can see  
their emptiness inside. For any  
man,

800

[710]

even if he's wise, there's nothing shameful  
in learning many things, staying flexible.  
You notice how in winter floods the trees

which bend before the storm preserve their twigs.  
The ones who stand against it are destroyed,  
root and branch. In the same way, those sailors 810  
who keep their sails stretched tight, never easing off,  
make their ship capsize—and from that point on  
sail with their rowing benches all submerged.  
So end your anger. Permit yourself to change.  
For if I, as a younger man, may state  
my views, I'd say it would be for the  
best [720]  
if men by nature understood all things—  
if not, and that is usually the case,  
when men speak well, it good to learn from them.

CHORUS LEADER

My lord, if what he's said is relevant, 820  
it seems appropriate to learn from him,  
and you too, Haemon, listen to the king.  
The things which you both said were excellent.

CREON

And men my age—are we then going to school  
to learn what's wise from men as young as him?

HAEMON

There's nothing wrong in that. And if I'm young,  
don't think about my age—look at what I do.

CREON

And what you do—does that include  
this, [730]  
honouring those who act against our laws?

HAEMON

I would not encourage anyone 830  
to show respect to evil men.

CREON

And her—  
is she not suffering from the same disease?

HAEMON

The people here in Thebes all say the same—  
they deny she is.

CREON

So the city now  
will instruct me how I am to govern?

HAEMON

Now you're talking like someone far too young.  
Don't you see that?

CREON

Am I to rule this land  
at someone else's whim or by myself?

HAEMON

A city which belongs to just one man  
is no true city.

CREON

According to our laws,  
does not the ruler own the city?

840

HAEMON

By yourself you'd make an excellent king  
but in a desert.

CREON

It seems as if this  
boy [740]  
is fighting on the woman's side.

HAEMON

That's true—  
if you're the woman. I'm concerned for you.

CREON

You're the worst there is—you set your judgment up  
against your father.

HAEMON

No, not when I see  
you making a mistake and being unjust.

CREON

Is it a mistake to honour my own rule?



HAEMON

You're not honouring that by trampling on  
the gods' prerogatives.

850

CREON

You foul creature—  
you're worse than any woman.

HAEMON

You'll not catch me  
giving way to some disgrace.

CREON

But your words  
all speak on her behalf.

HAEMON

And yours and mine—  
and for the gods below.

CREON

You woman's slave—  
don't try to win me over.

HAEMON

What do you want—  
to speak and never hear someone reply?<sup>9</sup>

CREON

You'll never marry her while she's  
alive. [750]

HAEMON

Then she'll die—and in her death kill someone else.

CREON

Are you so insolent you threaten me?

860

HAEMON

Where's the threat in challenging a bad decree?

CREON

You'll regret parading what you think like this—  
you—a person with an empty brain!

HAEMON

If you were not my father, I might say  
you were not thinking straight.

CREON

Would you, indeed?  
Well, then, by Olympus, I'll have you know  
you'll be sorry for demeaning me  
with all these insults.

*[Creon turns to his attendants]*

Go bring her out— [760]  
that hateful creature, so she can die right here,  
with him present, before her bridegroom's eyes. 870

HAEMON

No. Don't ever hope for that. She'll not die  
with me just standing there. And as for you—  
your eyes will never see my face again.  
So let your rage charge on among your friends  
who want to stand by you in this.

*[Exit Haemon, running back into the palace]*

CHORUS LEADER

My lord, Haemon left in such a hurry.  
He's angry—in a young man at his age  
the mind turns bitter when he's feeling hurt.

CREON

Let him dream up or carry out great deeds  
beyond the power of man, he'll not save these girls— 880  
their fate is sealed.

CHORUS LEADER

Are you going to kill them  
both? [770]

CREON

No—not the one whose hands are clean. You're right.

CHORUS LEADER

How do you plan to kill Antigone?

CREON

I'll take her on a path no people use,  
and hide her in a cavern in the rocks,  
while still alive. I'll set out provisions,  
as much as piety requires, to make sure  
the city is not totally corrupted.<sup>10</sup>  
Then she can speak her prayers to Hades,  
the only god she worships, for success  
avoiding death—or else, at least, she'll learn,  
although too late, how it's a waste of time  
to work to honour those whom Hades  
holds. [780]

890

CHORUS

O Eros, the conqueror in every fight,  
Eros, who squanders all men's wealth,  
who sleeps at night on girls' soft cheeks,  
and roams across the ocean seas  
and through the shepherd's hut—  
no immortal god escapes from you,  
nor any man, who lives but for a day.<sup>11</sup>  
And the one whom you possess goes  
mad. [790]  
Even in good men you twist their minds,  
perverting them to their own ruin.  
You provoke these men to family strife.  
The bride's desire seen glittering in her eyes—  
that conquers everything, its power  
enthroned beside eternal laws, for there  
the goddess Aphrodite works her  
will, [800]  
whose ways are irresistible.<sup>12</sup>

900

*[Antigone enters from the palace with attendants who are taking her  
away to her execution]*

CHORAL LEADER

When I look at her I forget my place.  
I lose restraint and can't hold back my tears—  
Antigone going to her bridal room  
where all are laid to rest in death.

910

ANTIGONE

Look at me, my native citizens,

as I go on my final journey,  
as I gaze upon the sunlight one last time,  
which I'll never see again—for Hades,  
who brings all people to their final sleep,  
leads me on, while I'm still  
living, [810]  
down to the shores of Acheron.<sup>13</sup> 920  
I've not yet had my bridal chant,  
nor has any wedding song been sung—  
for my marriage is to Acheron.

#### CHORUS

Surely you carry fame with you and praise,  
as you move to the deep home of the dead.  
You were not stricken by lethal disease  
or paid your wages with a  
sword.' [820]  
No. You were in charge of your own fate.  
So of all living human beings, you alone  
make your way down to Hades still alive. 930

#### ANTIGONE

I've heard about a guest of ours,  
daughter of Tantalus, from Phrygia—  
she went to an excruciating death  
in Sipylus, right on the mountain peak.  
The stone there, just like clinging ivy,  
wore her down, and now, so people say,  
the snow and rain never leave her  
there, [830]  
as she laments. Below her weeping eyes  
her neck is wet with tears. God brings me  
to a final rest which most resembles hers. 940

#### CHORUS

But Niobe was a goddess, born divine—  
and we are human beings, a race which dies.  
But still, it's a fine thing for a woman,  
once she's dead, to have it said she shared,  
in life and death, the fate of demi-gods.<sup>14</sup>

#### ANTIGONE

Oh, you are mocking me! Why me—  
by our fathers' gods—why do you all,

my own city and the richest men of Thebes,  
insult me now right to my face,  
without waiting for my death? 950  
Well at least I have Dirce's springs,  
the holy grounds of Thebes,  
a city full of splendid chariots,  
to witness how no friends lament for me  
as I move on—you see the laws  
which lead me to my rock-bound prison,  
a tomb made just for me. Alas!  
In my wretchedness I have no  
home, [850]  
not with human beings or corpses,  
not with the living or the dead. 960

#### CHORUS

You pushed your daring to the limit, my child,  
and tripped against Justice's high altar—  
perhaps your agonies are paying back  
some compensation for your father.<sup>15</sup>

#### ANTIGONE

Now there you touch on my most painful thought—  
my father's destiny—always on my mind,  
along with that whole fate which sticks to  
us, [860]  
the splendid house of Labdakos—the curse  
arising from a mother's marriage bed,  
when she had sex with her own son, my father. 970  
From what kind of parents was I born,  
their wretched daughter? I go to them,  
unmarried and accursed, an outcast.  
Alas, too, for my brother Polyneices,  
who made a fatal marriage and then  
died— [870]  
and with that death killed me while still alive.<sup>16</sup>

#### CHORUS

To be piously devout shows reverence,  
but powerful men, who in their persons  
incorporate authority, cannot bear  
anyone to break their rules. Hence, you die 980  
because of your own selfish will.

ANTIGONE

Without lament, without a friend,  
and with no marriage song, I'm being led  
in this miserable state, along my final road.  
So wretched that I no longer have the  
right [880]  
to look upon the sun, that sacred eye.  
But my fate prompts no tears, and no friend mourns.

CREON

Don't you know that no one faced with death  
would ever stop the singing and the groans,  
if that would help? Take her and shut her up, 990  
as I have ordered, in her tomb's embrace.  
And get it done as quickly as you can.  
Then leave her there alone, all by herself—  
she can sort out whether she wants suicide  
or remains alive, buried in a place like that.  
As far as she's concerned, we bear no guilt.  
But she's lost her place living here with  
us.<sup>17</sup> [890]

ANTIGONE

Oh my tomb and bridal chamber—  
my eternal hollow dwelling place,  
where I go to join my people. Most of them 1000  
have perished—Persephone has welcomed them  
among the dead.<sup>18</sup> I'm the last one, dying here  
the most evil death by far, as I move down  
before the time allotted for my life is done.  
But I go nourishing the vital hope  
my father will be pleased to see me come,  
and you, too, my mother, will welcome me,  
as well as you, my own dear brother.  
When you died, with my own hands I washed  
you. [900]  
I arranged your corpse and at the grave mound 1010  
poured out libations. But now, Polyneices,  
this is my reward for covering your corpse.<sup>19</sup>  
However, for wise people I was right  
to honour you. I'd never have done it  
for children of my own, not as their mother,  
nor for a dead husband lying in decay—

no, not in defiance of the citizens.  
What law do I appeal to, claiming this?  
If my husband died, there'd be another one,  
and if I were to lose a child of mine  
I'd have another with some other  
man. [910]

But since my father and my mother, too,  
are hidden away in Hades' house,  
I'll never have another living brother.  
That was the law I used to honour you.  
But Creon thought that I was in the wrong  
and acting recklessly for you, my brother.  
Now he seizes me by force and leads me here—  
no wedding and no bridal song, no share  
in married life or raising children.  
Instead I go in sorrow to my grave,  
without my friends, to die while still  
alive. [920]

What holy justice have I violated?  
In my wretchedness, why should I still look  
up to the gods? Which one can I invoke  
to bring me help, when for my reverence  
they charge me with impiety? Well, then,  
if this is something fine among the gods,  
I'll come to recognize that I've done wrong.  
But if these people here are being unjust  
may they endure no greater punishment  
than the injustices they're doing to me. 1040

#### CHORUS LEADER

The same storm blasts continue to attack  
the mind in this young  
girl. [930]

#### CREON

Then those escorting her  
will be sorry they're so slow.

#### ANTIGONE

Alas, then,  
those words mean death is very near at hand.

CREON

I won't encourage you or cheer you up,  
by saying the sentence won't be carried out.

ANTIGONE

O city of my fathers  
in this land of Thebes—  
and my ancestral gods,  
I am being led away. 1050  
No more delaying for me.  
Look on me, you lords of  
Thebes, [940]  
the last survivor of your royal house,  
see what I have to undergo,  
the kind of men who do this to me,  
for paying reverence to true piety.

*[Antigone is led away under escort]*

CHORUS

In her brass-bound room fair Danaë as well  
endured her separation from the heaven's light, 1060  
a prisoner hidden in a chamber like a tomb,  
although she, too, came from a noble line.<sup>20</sup>  
And she, my child, had in her care  
the liquid streaming golden seed of  
Zeus. [950]  
But the power of fate is full of mystery.  
There's no evading it, no, not with wealth,  
or war, or walls, or black sea-beaten ships.

And the hot-tempered child of Dryas,  
king of the Edonians, was put in prison,  
closed up in the rocks by Dionysus, 1070  
for his angry mocking of the god.<sup>21</sup>  
There the dreadful flower of his  
rage [960]  
slowly withered, and he came to know  
the god who in his frenzy he had mocked  
with his own tongue. For he had tried  
to hold in check women in that frenzy  
inspired by the god, the Bacchanalian fire.  
More than that—he'd made the Muses angry,  
challenging the gods who love the flute.<sup>22</sup>



Beside the black rocks where the twin seas meet, 1080  
by Thracian Salmydessos at the Bosphorus,  
close to the place where Ares  
dwells, [970]  
the war god witnessed the unholy wounds  
which blinded the two sons of Phineus,  
inflicted by his savage wife—the sightless holes  
cried out for someone to avenge those blows  
made with her sharpened comb in blood-stained hands.<sup>23</sup>

In their misery they wept, lamenting  
their wretched suffering, sons of a mother  
whose marriage had gone wrong. And yet, 1090 [980]  
she was an offspring of an ancient family,  
the race of Erechtheus, raised far away,  
in caves surrounded by her father's winds,  
Boreas' child, a girl who raced with horses  
across steep hills—child of the gods.  
But she, too, my child, suffered much  
from the immortal Fates.<sup>24</sup>

*[Enter Teiresias, led by a young boy]*

TEIRESIAS

Lords of Thebes, we two have walked a common path,  
one person's vision serving both of us.  
The blind require a guide to find their way. 1100 [990]

CREON

What news do you have, old Teiresias?

TEIRESIAS

I'll tell you—and you obey the prophet.

CREON

I've not rejected your advice before.

TEIRESIAS

That's the reason why you've steered the city  
on its proper course.

CREON

From my experience  
I can confirm the help you give.

TEIRESIAS

Then know this—  
your luck is once more on Fate's razor edge.

CREON

What? What you've just said makes me nervous.

TEIRESIAS

You'll know—once you hear the tokens of my art.

As I was sitting in my ancient place  
receiving omens from the flights of birds  
who all come there where I can hear  
them, [1000]

I note among those birds an unknown cry—  
evil, unintelligible, angry screaming.

I knew that they were tearing at each other  
with murderous claws. The noisy wings  
revealed that all too well. I was afraid.

So right away up on the blazing altar  
I set up burnt offerings. But Hephaestus  
failed to shine out from the sacrifice—  
dark slime poured out onto the embers,  
oozing from the thighs, which smoked and spat,  
bile was sprayed high up into the  
air, [1010]

and the melting thighs lost all the fat  
which they'd been wrapped in. The rites had failed—  
there was no prophecy revealed in them.

I learned that from this boy, who is my guide,  
as I guide other men.<sup>25</sup> Our state is sick—  
your policies have done this. In the city  
our altars and our hearths have been defiled,  
all of them, with rotting flesh brought there  
by birds and dogs from Oedipus' son,  
who lies there miserably dead. The gods  
no longer will accept our sacrifice,  
our prayers, our thigh bones burned in  
fire. [1020]

No bird will shriek out a clear sign to us,  
for they have gorged themselves on fat and blood  
from a man who's dead. Consider this, my son.

All men make mistakes—that's not uncommon.

But when they do, they're no longer foolish

or subject to bad luck if they try to fix  
the evil into which they've fallen,  
once they give up their intransigence.  
Men who put their stubbornness on show  
invite accusations of stupidity.  
Make concessions to the dead—don't ever stab  
a man who's just been killed. What's the glory  
in killing a dead person one more  
time? [1030]  
I've been concerned for you. It's good advice.  
Learning can be pleasant when a man speaks well,  
especially when he seeks your benefit. 1150

#### CREON

Old man, you're all like archers shooting at me—  
For you all I've now become your target—  
even prophets have been aiming at me.  
I've long been bought and sold as merchandise  
among that tribe. Well, go make your profits.  
If it's what you want, then trade with Sardis  
for their golden-silver alloy—or for gold  
from India, but you'll never hide that corpse  
in any grave. Even if Zeus' eagles 1160 [1040]  
should choose to seize his festering body  
and take it up, right to the throne of Zeus,  
not even then would I, in trembling fear  
of some defilement, permit that corpse  
a burial. For I know well that no man  
has the power to pollute the gods.  
But, old Teiresias, among human beings  
the wisest suffer a disgraceful fall  
when, to promote themselves, they use fine words  
to spread around abusive insults. 1170

#### TEIRESIAS

Alas, does any man know or think about . . .

#### CREON *[interrupting]*

Think what? What sort of pithy common thought  
are you about to utter?

#### TEIRESIAS *[ignoring the interruption]*

. . . how good advice

is valuable—worth more than all  
possessions. [1050]

CREON

I think that's true, as much as foolishness  
is what harms us most.

TEIRESIAS

Yet that's the sickness  
now infecting you.

CREON

I have no desire  
to denigrate a prophet when I speak.

TEIRESIAS

But that's what you are doing, when you claim  
my oracles are false.

CREON

The tribe of prophets—  
all of them—are fond of money

1180

TEIRESIAS

And kings?  
Their tribe loves to benefit dishonestly.

CREON

You know you're speaking of the man who rules you.

TEIRESIAS

I know—thanks to me you saved the city  
and now are in control.<sup>26</sup>

CREON

You're a wise prophet,  
but you love doing wrong.

TEIRESIAS

You'll force me  
to speak of secrets locked inside my  
heart. [1060]

CREON

Do it—just don't speak to benefit yourself.

TEIRESIAS

I don't think that I'll be doing that—  
not as far as you're concerned.

CREON

You can be sure 1190  
you won't change my mind to make yourself more rich.

TEIRESIAS

Then understand this well—you will not see  
the sun race through its cycle many times  
before you lose a child of your own loins,  
a corpse in payment for these corpses.  
You've thrown down to those below someone  
from up above—in your arrogance  
you've moved a living soul into a grave,  
leaving here a body owned by gods  
below— [1070]  
unburied, dispossessed, unsanctified. 1200  
That's no concern of yours or gods above.  
In this you violate the ones below.  
And so destroying avengers wait for you,  
Furies of Hades and the gods, who'll see  
you caught up in this very wickedness.  
Now see if I speak as someone who's been bribed.  
It won't be long before in your own house  
the men and women all cry out in sorrow,  
and cities rise in hate against you—all  
those [1080]  
whose mangled soldiers have had burial rites 1210  
from dogs, wild animals, or flying birds  
who carry the unholy stench back home,  
to every city hearth.<sup>27</sup> Like an archer,  
I shoot these arrows now into your heart  
because you have provoked me. I'm angry—  
so my aim is good. You'll not escape their pain.  
Boy, lead us home so he can vent his rage  
on younger men and keep a quieter tongue  
and a more temperate mind than he has  
now. [1090]

*[Exit Teiresias, led by the young boy]*

CHORUS LEADER

My lord, my lord, such dreadful prophecies—  
and now he's gone. Since my hair changed colour  
from black to white, I know here in the city  
he's never uttered a false prophecy.

1220

CREON

I know that, too—and it disturbs my mind.  
It's dreadful to give way, but to resist  
and let destruction hammer down my spirit—  
that's a fearful option, too.

CHORUS LEADER

Son of Menoikeos,  
you need to listen to some good advice.

CREON

Tell me what to do. Speak up. I'll do it.

CHORUS LEADER

Go and release the girl from her rock tomb.  
Then prepare a grave for that unburied corpse.

1230 [1100]

CREON

This is your advice? You think I should concede?

CHORUS LEADER

Yes, my lord, as fast as possible.  
Swift footed injuries sent from the gods  
hack down those who act imprudently.

CREON

Alas—it's difficult. But I'll give up.  
I'll not do what I'd set my heart upon.  
It's not right to fight against necessity.

CHORUS LEADER

Go now and get this done. Don't give the work  
to other men to do.

CREON

I'll go just as I am.  
Come, you servants, each and every one of you.  
Come on. Bring axes with you. Go there quickly—  
up to the higher ground. I've changed my

1240

mind. [110]  
Since I'm the one who tied her up, I'll go  
and set her free myself. Now I'm afraid.  
Until one dies the best thing well may be  
to follow our established laws.

*[Creon and his attendants hurry off stage]*

CHORUS

O you with many names,  
you glory of that Theban bride,  
and child of thundering Zeus, 1250  
you who cherish famous Italy,  
and rule the welcoming valley lands  
of Eleusianian Deo—  
O Bacchus—you who dwell  
in the bacchants' mother city Thebes,  
beside Ismenus' flowing streams,  
on land sown with the teeth  
of that fierce dragon.<sup>28</sup>

Above the double mountain peaks,  
the torches flashing through the murky smoke 1260  
have seen you where Corcyian nymphs  
move on as they worship you  
by  
the Kastalian stream. [

1130]  
And from the ivy-covered slopes  
of Nysa's hills, from the green shore  
so rich in vines, you come to us,  
visiting our Theban ways,  
while deathless voices all cry out  
in honour of your name, "Evoë."<sup>29</sup>

You honour Thebes, our city, 1270  
above all others, you and your mother  
blasted by that lightning strike.<sup>30</sup>

And now when all our people  
here [1140]  
are captive to a foul disease,  
on your healing feet you come  
across the moaning strait  
or over the Parnassian hill.

You who lead the dance,  
among the fire-breathing stars,  
who guard the voices in the night, 1280  
child born of Zeus, oh my  
lord, [1150]  
appear with your attendant Thyiads,  
who dance in frenzy all night long,  
for you their patron, Iacchus.<sup>31</sup>

*[Enter a Messenger]*

MESSENGER

All you here who live beside the home  
of Amphion and Cadmus—in human life  
there's no set place which I would praise or blame.<sup>32</sup>  
The lucky and unlucky rise or fall  
by chance day after day—and how these things  
are fixed for men no one can prophesy. 1290 [1160]  
For Creon, in my view, was once a man  
we all looked up to. For he saved the state,  
this land of Cadmus, from its enemies.  
He took control and reigned as its sole king—  
and prospered with the birth of noble children.  
Now all is gone. For when a man has lost  
what gives him pleasure, I don't include him  
among the living—he's a breathing corpse.  
Pile up a massive fortune in your home,  
if that's what you want—live like a king. 1300  
If there's no pleasure in it, I'd not give  
to any man a vapour's shadow for  
it, [1170]  
not compared to human joy.

CHORUS LEADER

Have you come with news of some fresh trouble  
in our house of kings?

MESSENGER

They're dead—  
and those alive bear the responsibility  
for those who've died.



CHORUS LEADER

Who did the killing?  
Who's lying dead? Tell us.

MESSENGER

Haemon has been killed.  
No stranger shed his blood.

CHORUS LEADER

At his father's hand?  
Or did he kill himself?

MESSENGER

By his own hand—  
angry at his father for the murder.

1310

CHORUS LEADER

Teiresias, how your words have proven true!

MESSENGER

That's how things stand. Consider what comes next.

CHORUS LEADER

I see Creon's wife, poor  
Eurydice— [1180]  
she's coming from the house—either by chance,  
or else she's heard there's news about her son.

*[Enter Eurydice from the palace with some attendants]*

EURYDICE

Citizens of Thebes, I heard you talking,  
as I was walking out, going off to pray,  
to ask for help from goddess Pallas.  
While I was unfastening the gate,  
I heard someone speaking of bad news  
about my family. I was terrified.  
I collapsed, fainting back into the arms  
of my attendants. So tell the news  
again— [1190]  
I'll listen. I'm no stranger to misfortune.

1320

MESSENGER

Dear lady, I'll speak of what I saw,  
omitting not one detail of the truth.

Why should I ease your mind with a report  
which turns out later to be incorrect?  
The truth is always best. I went to the plain,  
accompanying your husband as his guide. 1330  
Polyneices' corpse, still unlamented,  
was lying there, the greatest distance off,  
torn apart by dogs. We prayed to Pluto  
and to Hecate, goddess of the road,  
for their good will and to restrain their  
rage. [1200]

We gave the corpse a ritual wash, and burned  
what was left of it on fresh-cut branches.  
We piled up a high tomb of his native earth.  
Then we moved to the young girl's rocky cave,  
the hollow cavern of that bride of death. 1340  
From far away one man heard a voice  
coming from the chamber where we'd put her  
without a funeral—a piercing cry.  
He went to tell our master Creon,  
who, as he approached the place, heard the sound,  
an unintelligible scream of sorrow.

He groaned and then spoke out these bitter  
words, [1210]  
“Has misery made me a prophet now?  
And am I travelling along a road  
that takes me to the worst of all disasters? 1350  
I've just heard the voice of my own son.  
You servants, go ahead—get up there fast.  
Remove the stones piled in the entrance way,  
then stand beside the tomb and look in there  
to see if that was Haemon's voice I heard,  
or if the gods have been deceiving me.”  
Following what our desperate master asked,  
we looked. In the furthest corner of the  
tomb [1220]

we saw Antigone hanging by the neck,  
held up in a noose—fine woven linen. 1360  
Haemon had his arms around her waist—  
he was embracing her and crying out  
in sorrow for the loss of his own bride,  
now among the dead, his father's work,  
and for his horrifying marriage bed.  
Creon saw him, let out a fearful groan,

then went inside and called out anxiously,  
“You unhappy boy, what have you done?  
What are you thinking? Have you lost your mind?  
Come out, my child—I’m begging you—please  
come.” 1370 [1230]

But the boy just stared at him with savage eyes,  
spat in his face and, without saying a word,  
drew his two-edged sword. Creon moved away,  
so the boy’s blow failed to strike his father.

Angry at himself, the ill-fated lad  
right then and there leaned into his own sword,  
driving half the blade between his ribs.

While still conscious he embraced the girl  
in his weak arms, and, as he breathed his last,  
he coughed up streams of blood on her fair cheek. 1380

Now he lies there, corpse on corpse, his  
marriage [1240]  
has been fulfilled in chambers of the dead.  
The unfortunate boy has shown all men  
how, of all the evils which afflict mankind,  
the most disastrous one is thoughtlessness.

*[Eurydice turns and slowly returns into the palace]*

CHORUS LEADER

What do you make of that? The queen’s gone back.  
She left without a word, good or bad.

MESSENGER

I’m surprised myself. It’s about her son—  
she heard that terrible report. I hope  
she’s gone because she doesn’t think it right 1390  
to mourn for him in public. In the home,  
surrounded by her servants, she’ll arrange  
a period of mourning for the house.  
She’s discreet and has experience—  
she won’t make  
mistakes. [1250]

CHORUS LEADER

I’m not sure of that.  
to me her staying silent was extreme—  
it seems to point to something ominous,  
just like a vain excess of grief.

MESSENGER

I'll go in.

We'll find out if she's hiding something secret,  
deep within her passionate heart. You're right—  
excessive silence can be dangerous.

1400

*[The Messenger goes up the stairs into the palace. Enter Creon from the side, with attendants.*

*Creon is holding the body of Haemon]*

CHORUS LEADER

Here comes the king in person—carrying  
in his arms, if it's right to speak of this,  
a clear reminder that this evil comes  
not from some stranger, but his own  
mistakes. [1260]

CREON

Aaiii—mistakes made by a foolish mind,  
cruel mistakes that bring on death.  
You see us here, all in one family—  
the killer and the killed.  
Oh the profanity of what I planned.  
Alas, my son, you died so young—  
a death before your time.  
Aaiii . . . aaiii . . . you're dead . . . gone—  
not your own foolishness but mine.

1410

CHORUS LEADER

Alas, it seems you've learned to see what's right—  
but far too  
late. [1270]

CREON

Aaiiii . . . I've learned it in my pain.  
Some god clutching a great weight struck my head,  
then hurled me onto paths in wilderness,  
throwing down and casting underfoot  
what brought me joy.  
So sad . . . so sad . . .  
the wretched agony of human life.

1420

*[The Messenger reappears from the palace]*

MESSENGER

My lord, you come like one who stores up evil,  
what you hold in your arms and what you'll see  
before too long inside the  
house. [1280]

CREON

What's that?  
Is there something still more evil than all this?

MESSENGER

Your wife is dead—blood mother of that corpse—  
slaughtered with a sword—her wounds are very new,  
poor lady.

CREON

Aaiiii . . . . a gathering place for death . . .  
no sacrifice can bring this to an end. 1430  
Why are you destroying me? You there—  
you bringer of this dreadful news, this agony,  
what are you saying now? Aaiiii . . .  
You kill a man then kill him once again.  
What are you saying, boy? What news?  
A slaughter heaped on  
slaughter— [1290]  
my wife, alas . . . she's dead?

MESSENGER [*opening the palace doors, revealing the body of  
Eurydice*]

Look here. No longer is she concealed inside.

CREON

Alas, how miserable I feel—to look upon  
this second horror. What remains for me,  
what's fate still got in store? I've just held 1440  
my own son in my arms, and now I see  
right here in front of me another corpse.  
Alas for this suffering  
mother. [1300]  
Alas, my son.

MESSENGER

Stabbed with a sharp sword at the altar,  
she let her darkening eyesight fail,

once she had cried out in sorrow  
for the glorious fate of Megareos,  
who died some time ago, and then again  
for Haemon, and then, with her last breath, 1450  
she called out evil things against you,  
the killer of your sons.<sup>33</sup>

CREON

Aaaii . . . My fear now makes me tremble.  
Why won't someone now strike out at me,  
pierce my heart with a double bladed sword?  
How miserable I am . . . aaiii . .  
. [1310]  
how full of misery and pain . . .

MESSENGER

By this woman who lies dead you stand charged  
with the deaths of both your sons.

CREON

What about her?  
How did she die so violently?

MESSENGER

She killed herself, 1460  
with her own hands she stabbed her belly,  
once she heard her son's unhappy fate.

CREON

Alas for me . . . the guilt for all of this is mine—  
it can never be removed from me or passed  
to any other mortal man. I, and I alone . . .  
I murdered you . . . I speak the truth.  
Servants—hurry and lead me  
off, [1320]  
get me away from here, for now  
what I am in life is nothing.

CHORUS LEADER

What you advise is good—if good can come 1470  
with all these evils. When we face such things  
the less we say the better.

CREON

Let that day come, O let it come,  
the fairest of all destinies for me,  
the one which brings on my last  
day. [1330]  
Oh, let it come, so that I never see  
another dawn.

CHORUS LEADER

That's something for the times ahead.  
Now we need to deal with what confronts us here.  
What's yet to come is the concern of those [1480]  
whose task it is to deal with it.

CREON

In that prayer  
I included everything I most desire.

CHORUS

Pray for nothing.  
There's no release for mortal human beings,  
not from events which destiny has set.

CREON

Then take this foolish man away from here.  
I killed you, my son, without intending  
to, [1340]  
and you, as well, my wife. How useless I am now.  
I don't know where to look or find support.  
Everything I touch goes wrong, and on my head  
fate climbs up with its overwhelming load. [1490]

*[The Attendants help Creon move up the stairs into the palace,  
taking Haemon's body with them]*

CHORUS

The most important part of true success  
is wisdom—not to act impiously  
towards the gods, for boasts of arrogant  
men [1350]  
bring on great blows of punishment—  
so in old age men can discover wisdom.

## NOTES

- <sup>1</sup>Dirce is one of the rivers beside Thebes. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>2</sup>Hephaistos is god of fire. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>3</sup>Laius was king of Thebes and father of Oedipus. Oedipus killed him (not knowing who he was) and became the next king of Thebes by saving the city from the devastation of the Sphinx. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>4</sup>Zeus Herkeios refers to Zeus of the Courtyard, a patron god of worship within the home. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>5</sup>Hades, a brother of Zeus, is god of the underworld, lord of the dead. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>6</sup>Labdakos is the father of Laius and hence grandfather of Oedipus and great-grandfather of Antigone and Ismene. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>7</sup>Olympus is a mountain in northern Greece where, according to tradition, the major gods live. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>8</sup>Following common editorial practice, the lines of the Greek have been rearranged here, so that 663-7 come after 671, hence the apparently odd numbering of the lines. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>9</sup>Following the suggestion of Andrew Brown and others, I have moved lines 756-7 in the Greek text so that they come right after line 750. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>10</sup>The killing of a family member could bring on divine punishment in the form of a pollution involving the entire city (as in the case of Oedipus). Creon is, one assumes, taking refuge in the notion that he will not be executing Antigone directly. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>11</sup>Eros is the young god of erotic sexual passion. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>12</sup>Aphrodite was the goddess of sexual desire. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>13</sup>Acheron is one of the major rivers of the underworld. [[Back to Text](#)]
- <sup>14</sup>The last two speeches refer to Niobe, daughter of Tantalus (a son of Zeus). Niobe had seven sons and seven daughters and boasted that she had more children than the goddess Leto. As punishment



Artemis and Apollo, Leto's two children, destroyed all Niobe's children. Niobe turned to stone in grief and was reportedly visible on Mount Sipylus (in Asia Minor). The Chorus' claim that Niobe was a goddess or semi-divine is odd here, since her story is almost always a tale of human presumption and divine punishment for human arrogance. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>15</sup>The Chorus here is offering the traditional suggestion that present afflictions can arise from a family curse originating in previous generations. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>16</sup>Polyneices married the daughter of Adrastus, an action which enabled him to acquire the army to attack Thebes. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>17</sup>Creon's logic seems to suggest that because he is not executing Antigone directly and is leaving her a choice between committing suicide and slowly starving to death in the cave, he has no moral responsibility for what happens. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>18</sup>Persephone is the wife of Hades and thus goddess of the underworld. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>19</sup>In these lines Antigone seems to be talking about both her brothers, first claiming she washed and dressed the body of Eteocles and then covered Polyneices. However, the pronoun references in the Greek are confusing. Lines 904 to 920 in the Greek text have prompted a great deal of critical debate, since they seem incompatible with Antigone's earlier motivation and do not make much sense in context (in addition most of them appear closely derived from Herodotus 3.119). Hence, some editors insist that the lines (or most of them) be removed. Brown provides a useful short summary of the arguments and some editorial options (199-200). [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>20</sup>Danaë was daughter of Acrisus, King of Argos. Because of a prophecy that he would be killed by a son born to Danaë, Acrisus imprisoned her. But Zeus made love to her in the form of a golden shower, and she gave birth to Perseus, who, once grown, killed Acrisus accidentally. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>21</sup>These lines refer to Lycurgus son of Dryas, a Thracian king. He attacked the god Dionysus and was punished with blinding or with being torn apart. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>22</sup>The anger of the Muses at a Thracian who boasted of his flute playing is not normally a part of the Lycurgus story but refers to another Thracian, Thamyras. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>23</sup>The black rocks were a famous hazard to shipping. They moved together to smash any ship moving between them. The Bosphorus is the strait between the Black Sea and the Propontis (near the Hellespont). This verse and the next refer to the Thracian king Phineas, whose second wife blinded her two step sons (from Phineas' first wife Cleopatra) by stabbing out their eyes. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>24</sup>Cleopatra was the grand-daughter of Erechtheus, king of Athens. Boreas, father of Erechtheus, was god of the North Wind. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>25</sup>Teiresias' offering failed to catch fire. His interpretation is that it has been rejected by the gods, a very unfavourable omen. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>26</sup>This is the second reference to the fact that at some point earlier Teiresias has given important political help to Creon. It is not at all clear what this refers to. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>27</sup>Teiresias here is apparently accusing Creon of refusing burial to the dead allied soldiers Polyneices brought with him from other cities. There is no mention of this anywhere else in the play, although the detail is present in other versions of the story. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>28</sup>In these lines the Chorus celebrates Dionysus, the god born in Thebes to Semele, daughter of King Cadmus. The bacchantes are those who worship Dionysus. Eleusis, a region on the coast near Athens, was famous for its Eleusinian Mysteries, a secret ritual of worship. Deo is a reference to the goddess Demeter, who was worshipped at Eleusis. The Theban race sprang up from dragon's teeth sown in a field by Cadmus, founder of the city. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>29</sup>*Evoë* is a cry of celebration made by worshippers of Dionysus. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>30</sup>Semele, Dionysus' human mother, was destroyed by Zeus lightning bolt, because of the jealousy of Hera, Zeus' wife. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>31</sup>Thyiads were worshippers of Dionysus, and Iacchus was a divinity associated with Dionysus. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>32</sup>Amphion was legendary king of Thebes, husband of Niobe. [[Back to Text](#)]

<sup>33</sup>Megareos was Haemon's brother, who, we are to understand on the basis of this reference, died nobly some time before the play begins. It is not clear how Creon might have been responsible for his death. In another version of the story, Creon has a son Menoeceos, who kills himself in order to save the city. [[Back to Text](#)]